Sustainable Energy Projects in Birmingham

Context

- Increasing public and local-authority concern about climate change in Birmingham
- A history of energy efficiency improvements delivered in the West Midlands through Warm Front, Warm Zone, CESP and CERT
- A lucrative Feed-in Tariff was introduced in 2010 to encourage renewable energy
- British Gas's 'Green Streets' project

SusMo - Green Streets

- SusMo is Sustainable Moseley, part of Moseley Neighbourhood Forum
- Moseley is a diverse community in South Birmingham; ethnically, religiously and socio-economically
- Long history of community activism in Moseley



SusMo - Green Streets

- ► Won £144,000 worth of goods and services from British Gas
- Installed PV arrays onto 4 community buildings - a church, a mosque, a school and the local allotments' pavilion
- Installed PV/solar thermal panels/ other energy efficiency improvements in 16 homes (mostly HA)
- Emphasis on joining 'iMeasure' to help facilitate energy behaviour change

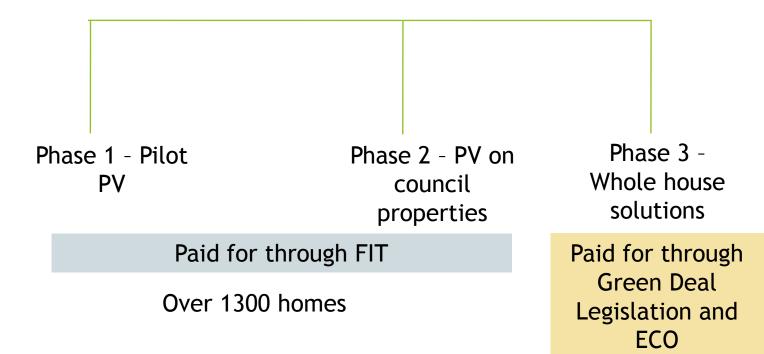


Birmingham Energy Savers

- ► 'BES'; Birmingham City Council project
- Began as a PV project, but ostensibly to pave the way for more ambitious energy efficiency retrofitting of homes
- Began project with Working Neighbourhoods Fund
- Borrowed £15m to upscale PV phase
- Borrowed £1bn to begin the energy efficiency programme, delivered through a delivery partner

Birmingham Energy Savers

Phased programme installing renewable energy and energy efficiency measures



15000 homes

Birmingham Energy Savers and the Green Deal

- Energy efficiency work will be repaid through the Green Deal and ECO
- Central government legal mechanism will enable organisations to offer energy efficiency improvements to homes at no upfront cost. Payments recouped through a fixed charge on energy bill
- BCC therefore one of the first Green Deal Providers
- Social Value
 - ▶ BCC has stipulated in its contract with the Delivery Partner that many social, environmental and *local* economic criteria are to be met while delivering this contract
 - Need to reduce fuel poverty in 'hard to treat' properties, to provide local jobs, to prioritise local companies in the supply chain

Key Findings

- 'Success' is a complex and multiple concept
- Success = part of a triangle of causative beliefs and is inherently tied to perceptions about the key problem to be addressed
- ► Birmingham has difficult economic and social problems (fuel poverty and unemployment) that these projects try to address *at the same time* as the environment
- ► How far these projects address these additional problems dictates how successful they are perceived to be
- 'Success' in these projects therefore clearly has a Birmingham flavour



Could these sort of projects have happened elsewhere?

- Sustainable energy projects in places with different problems would have looked different.
- Even in places with similar problems;
 - ▶ BES; probably not. As the largest local authority in Europe, they have considerable borrowing power, expertise and human resource
 - ► Birmingham's ethnic diversity and varied economic status have clearly influenced these projects
 - SusMo's emphasis on helping low income householders the only Green Streets project nationally to do so